Managing Diabetes & Heart Disease

Did You Know?

Diabetes & **Heart Disease**

are conditions affecting around

Vermont adults

24% of Deaths

in Vermont are due to heart disease and diabetes

→ Determinants of Premature Death

Social Circumstances. 15%

Behavioral Patterns, 40%

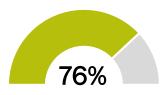
Genetics, 30%

Health Care, 10%

Environmental Exposure, 5%

Individual behavioral patterns contribute 40% to premature death. Behaviors such as diet, physical activity and tobacco use can be improved.

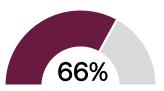
Management Strategies



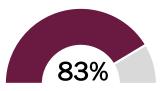
Of adults with diabetes have their A1c checked twice a year



Of adults with diabetes have ever taken a course or class on managing their diabetes



Of adults diagnosed with hypertension have a selfmanagement plan



Of adults have had their cholesterol checked in the past 5-years

Sources: VT Vital Statistics System, 2016; BRFSS 2017 & 2018

September 2019

Learn more at healthvermont.gov

f @healthvermont



Managing Diabetes & Heart Disease

Disease management reduces the burden on peoples' lives



Self-Management Programs & Overall Health

Adults who ever took a course or class on managing their diabetes are less likely to report their overall health as fair or poor.



"We learn from each other and we learn to help each other. Now I feel like I have support in the community, and I have a group of people I can count on."

- Jeanette, Diabetes Workshop participant



A1c & Heart Disease

Adults with diabetes who had their hemoglobin A1c checked at least twice a year are less likely to have heart disease.

> diagnosed with coronary heart disease, heart attack, or stroke





Cholesterol & Physical Activity

Adults who had their cholesterol screened in the last 5 years are more likely to get the recommended amount of **physical activity**.

> ≥150-minutes of moderate aerobic activity a week



Sources: VT BRFSS 2017 September 2019 Learn more at healthvermont.gov



