





# Weekly Summary of Vermont COVID-19 Data

Reflecting cases identified between

March 5 - October 28, 2020

Date published: October 30, 2020. This summary will be updated every Friday.



## **Common Terms and Data Sources**

This document contains information about people who have tested positive for COVID-19 in Vermont. You will find data presented in a few different ways throughout this document:

- Count: the number of people who have tested positive for COVID-19 (overall or in a particular group)
- Rate: the number of people who have tested positive for COVID-19 in a particular group, divided by the total number of people in that group. Using rates allows for more direct comparisons between groups.
- Growth rate: a measure of the percent change in COVID-19 cases over time; this tells us how quickly or slowly the disease is spreading in Vermont
- Week: for the purposes of this document, "this week" is defined as October 21 through October 28.

For geographic information, please see the <u>COVID-19 Data Dashboard</u> or <u>Town Map</u>. For more information on data sources, please see our <u>Data Notes</u> document.

Please Note: On October 1, the denominators used to calculate rates by race and ethnicity were switched over from 2018 American Community Survey estimates to 2019 Vermont Department of Health estimates based on Census data. This change was made to be more consistent with how the Health Department typically calculates rates. The relatively large change in rates for some racial groups in the October 2, 2020 Weekly Summary is due to this change in methodology.

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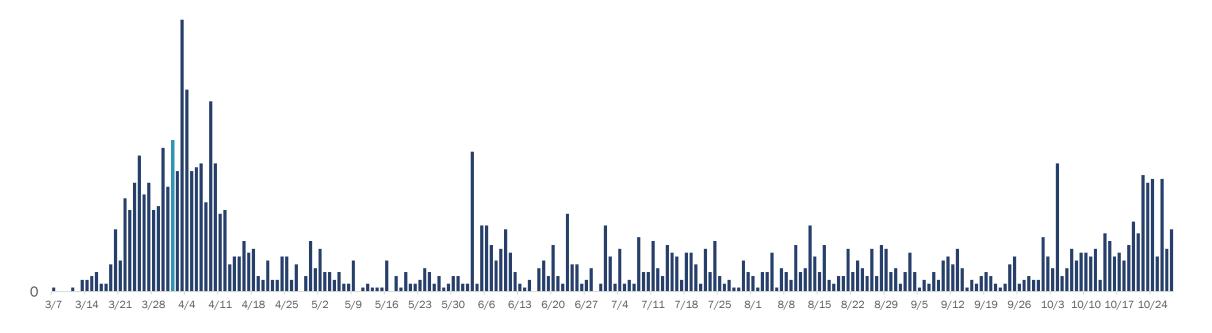
## **COVID-19 in Vermont**

An overview of our number of cases and laboratory testing to date.

## **Total Number of Cases in Vermont: 2,141**

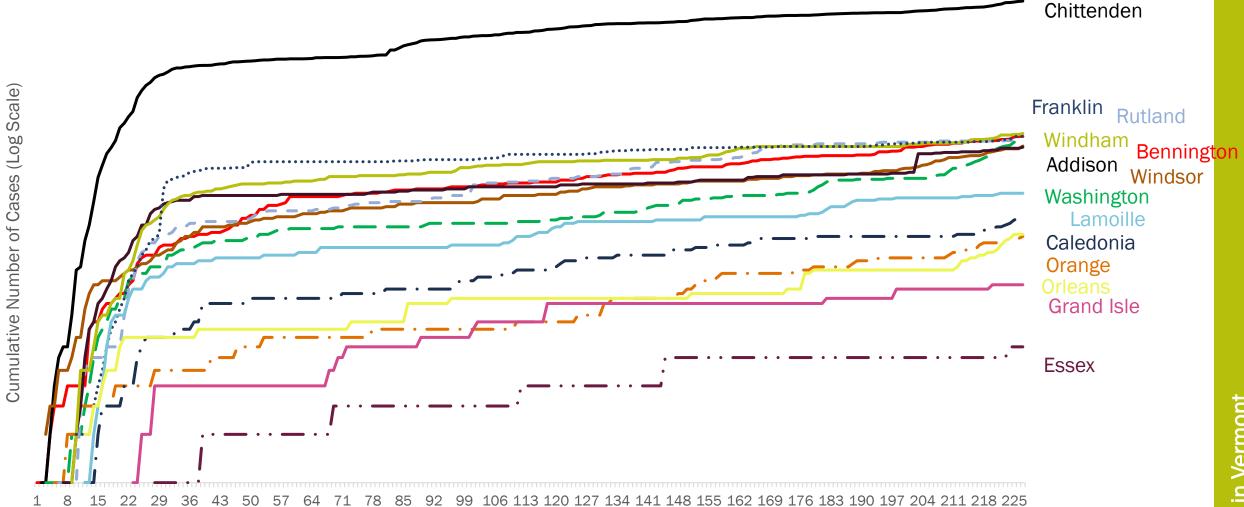
The daily number of COVID-19 cases in Vermont peaked on April 3.

80



#### Most counties continue to see new cases.

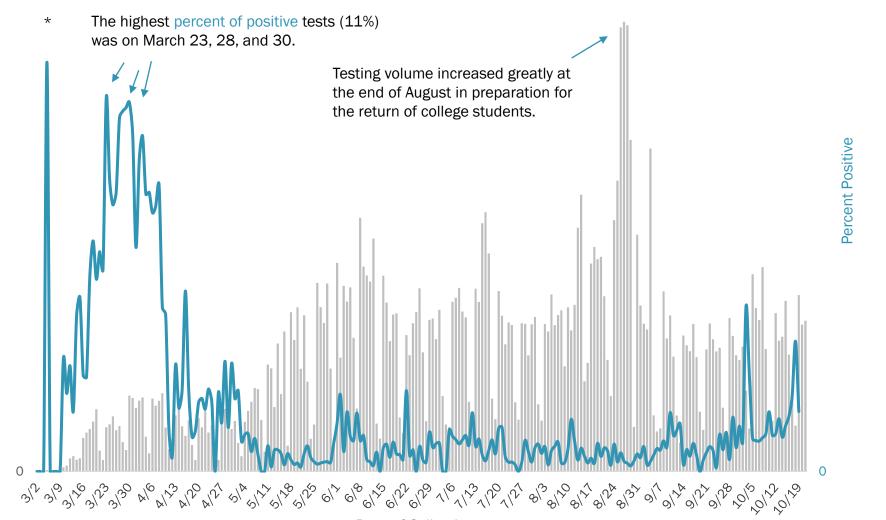
Growth over time by county (n=2,133)



Number of Days Since Vermont's First Case

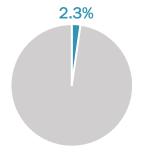
## Percent of positive COVID-19 tests may indicate how prevalent the disease is in the population.

3500



Percent Positive to Date

# Percent Positive This Week (October 14 – October 21)



7,830
People Tested this Week

35,203 Tests this Week

188,102
People Tested to Date

**395,571** Tests to Date

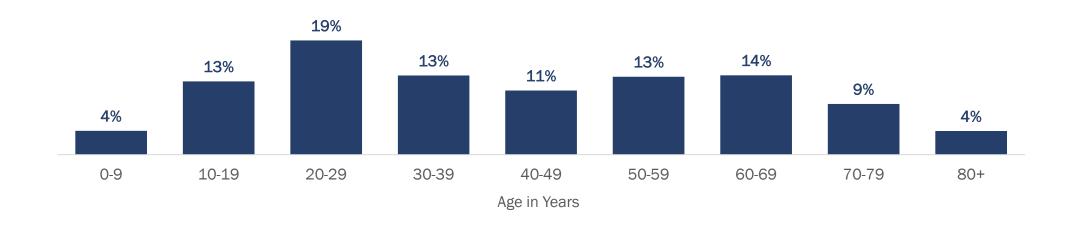
Date of Collection

Vermont Department of Health

Number of Tests

The **number of people tested** reflects the number of individual people who have had confirmatory testing for COVID-19 in Vermont. Each person is only counted once. The **number of tests** reflects the number of specimens that have had confirmatory for COVID-19 in Vermont. This number may include multiple specimens for one person, the same person tested multiple times, etc. **Percent positive** is the number of people with laboratory confirmed COVID-19 divided by the total number of people tested. None of these numbers include serology or antigen testing.

## The proportion of people tested for COVID-19 in Vermont varies across age groups.



## More females are tested than males for COVID-19.



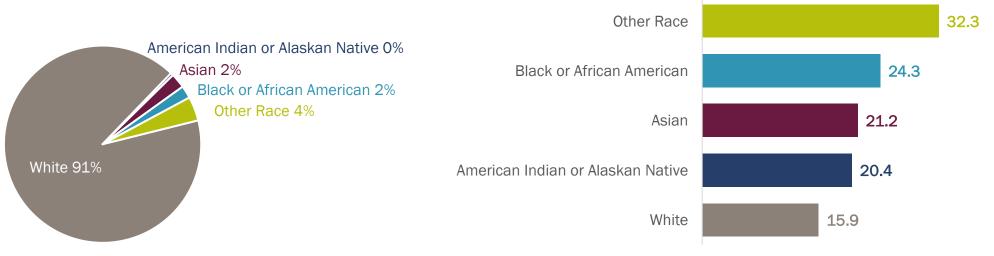
**56%** of people tested for COVID-19 are female.



**44%** of people tested for COVID-19 are male.

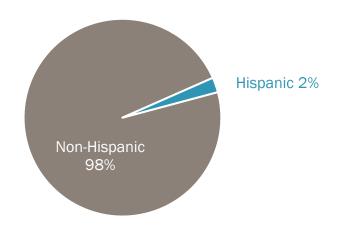
## White Vermonters represent the majority of people tested in Vermont for COVID-19. Vermonters with other race have the highest rate of testing.

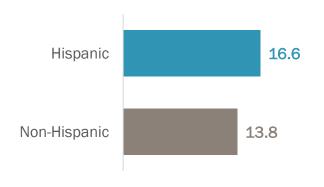
Rates per 100 Vermonters



## Non-Hispanic Vermonters represent the majority of people tested in Vermont for COVID-19. Hispanic Vermonters have the higher rate of testing.

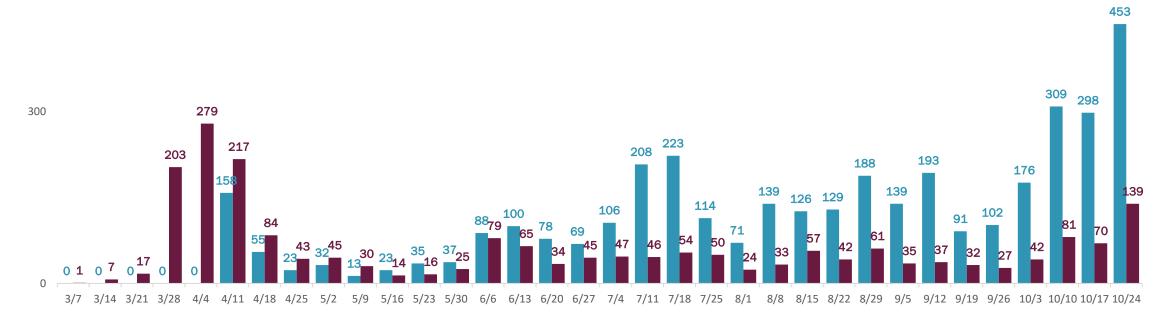
Rates per 100 Vermonters





## Contact tracers speak with both confirmed cases and their close contacts each week.

600



Number of contact tracers trained

**Cases interviewed** last week

October 18 - October 24

**Contacts named** last week

October 18 - October 24

Average number of contacts per case\*

\*Since March 7

# 20VID-19 in Vermont

## In the last two weeks (from October 11 to October 24):



<u>8</u> 8-8

92%

Of cases were interviewed within 24 hours

89%

Of cases provided their close contacts

**51**%

Of contacts were tested within 14 days of exposure

14%

Of contacts became a case

# **Case Demographics**

Who has been impacted by COVID-19 in Vermont?

### Rates of COVID-19 are highest among Vermonters 20-29 and 80 years and older. Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

#### 47.7 43.1 39.2 37.7 35.8 31.0 30.6 28.9 12.6 0-9 10-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69 70-79 80+ Age in Years

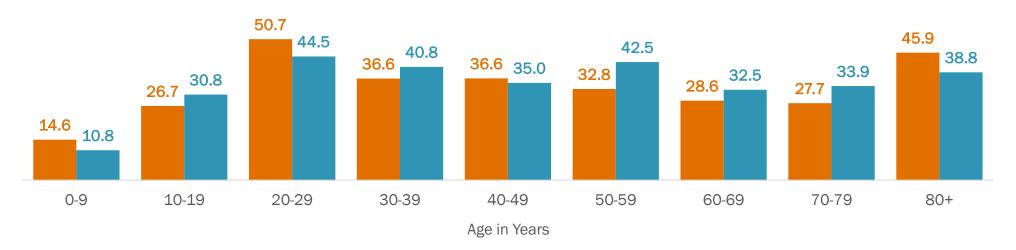
#### Females and males have similar rates of COVID-19.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



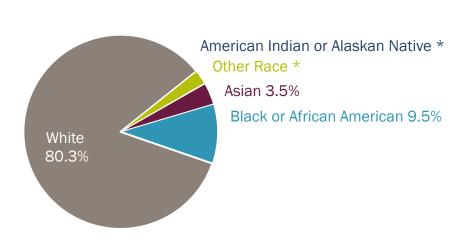
## There are differences in age and sex of Vermonters with COVID-19.

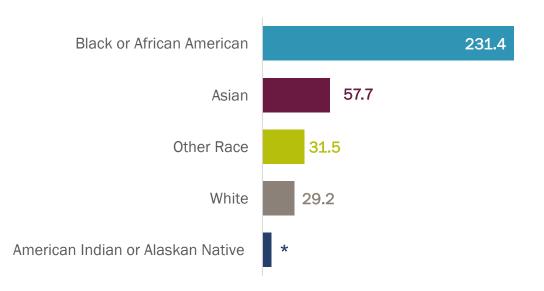
Rates of COVID-19 by Age Group for Females and Males per 10,000 Vermonters



## White Vermonters represent the majority of COVID-19 cases. African American Vermonters have the highest rate.

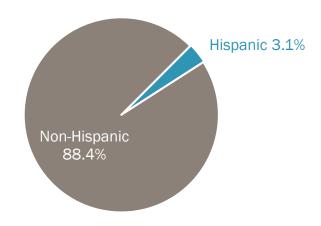
Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

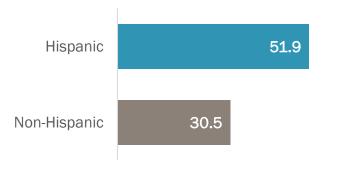




## Non-Hispanic Vermonters represent the majority of COVID-19 cases. Hispanic Vermonters have the higher rate.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters





Other Race includes people who identify as two or more races, or a race other than white, Asian, African American or Black, and American Indian or Alaskan Native. Race is unknown in 4% of cases (n = 74) and ethnicity is unknown in 9% of cases (n = 176). \* Value suppressed due to small numbers.

# Approximately 48% of people\* with COVID-19 have a pre-existing condition.

\*of the 1,776 people that the Health Department has pre-existing condition data for.

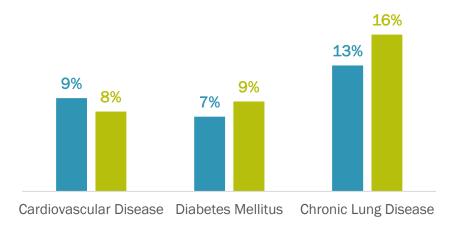
Condition	Count	Percentage
Heart Disease	166	9%
Chronic Lung Disease (includes asthma and COPD)	224	13%
Chronic Liver Disease	11	1%
Chronic Kidney Disease	39	2%
Current/Former Smoker	302	17%
Diabetes	133	7%
Immunocompromised Condition	56	3%
Neurologic Condition/Intellectual Disability	43	2%
Other Chronic Condition**	362	20%
Pregnant	16	1%

41% of people with a pre-existing condition have two or more conditions.

The Health Department has information about pre-existing conditions in 83% (1,776) of 2,141 total COVID-19 cases.

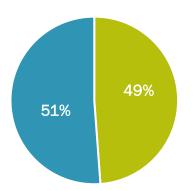
<sup>\*\*</sup>Not mutually exclusive, includes things like arthritis, thyroid conditions, multiple free text entries.

## Prevalence of select conditions in COVID-19 patients and Vermont adults.

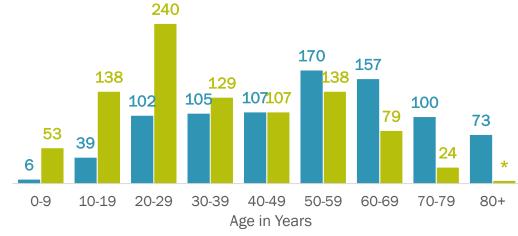


Data Source: Cardiovascular disease and diabetes, BRFSS 2018 annual report. Chronic lung disease, 3-4-50 Community profile (2016-2017 BRFSS).

# Likelihood of having a pre-existing condition is approximately equal between female and male COVID-19 patients.

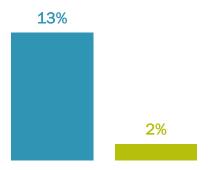


# **COVID-19** patients with pre-existing conditions tend to be older than those without pre-existing conditions.

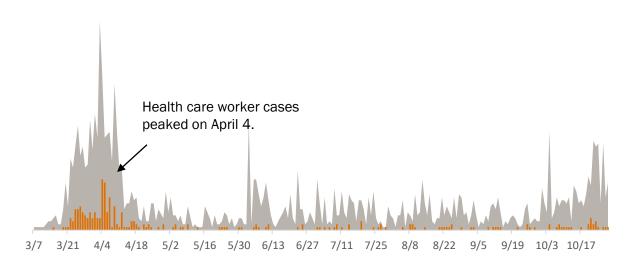


<sup>\*</sup> Value suppressed due to small numbers.

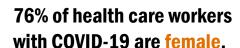
A higher percentage of COVID-19 patients with pre-existing conditions have been hospitalized than those without pre-existing conditions.

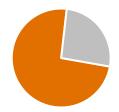


1 in 8 Vermonters with COVID-19 are health care workers.



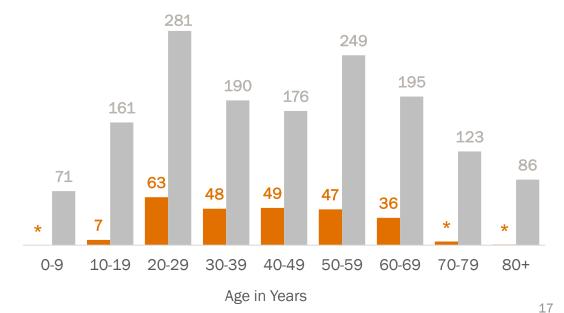
## **Health care workers with COVID-19 tend to be younger than** non-health care workers with COVID-19.



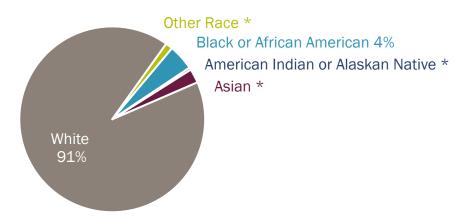








## White Vermonters represent the majority of health care workers with COVID-19.



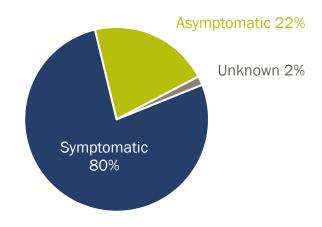
<sup>\*</sup> Value suppressed due to small numbers.

#### Most health care workers with COVID-19 are not hospitalized.



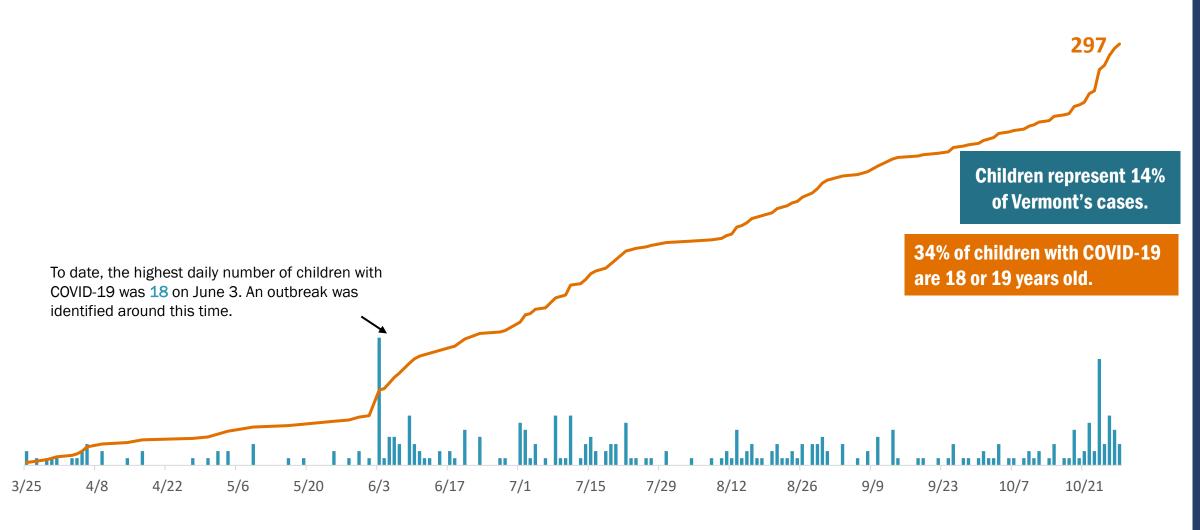
There are no reported deaths among health care workers.

#### Most health care workers with COVID-19 have symptoms.



Sign or Symptom among Health Care Workers with COVID-19	Percent of Symptomatic Cases
Cough	70%
Fatigue	65%
Headache	61%
Loss of Smell or Taste	53%
Muscle Pain	49%
Runny nose	46%
Chills	42%
Fever	38%

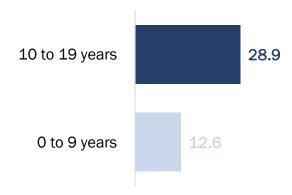
## New and Cumulative Cases of Vermont Children (Age 19 and Younger) with COVID-19



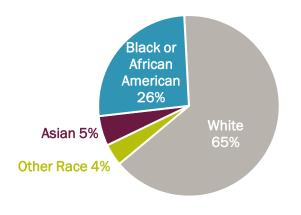
# Case Demographics

## Older children have a higher rate of COVID-19 compared to younger children.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters 0-19 years old

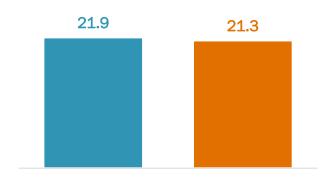


# Among children with COVID-19, Black, Indigenous and people of color represent a 35% of cases.



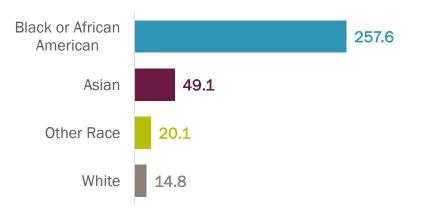
# Male and female children have similar rates of COVID-19.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters 0 to 19 years old



# Among children with COVID-19, Black or African Americans have the highest rate.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters 0 to 19 years.



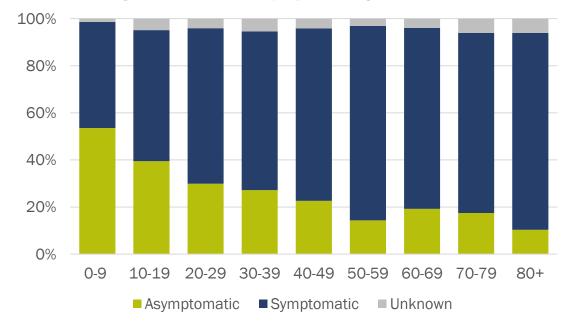
Sign or Symptom	Percent of Children with Symptom
Headache	52%
Fatigue	44%
Cough	42%
Loss of smell or taste	29%
Sore throat	31%
Fever	26%
Muscle pain	27%

## 5 days

Average illness duration among children

There are no currently reported cases of multi-system inflammatory syndrome, hospitalizations, or deaths among Vermont's children with COVID-19.

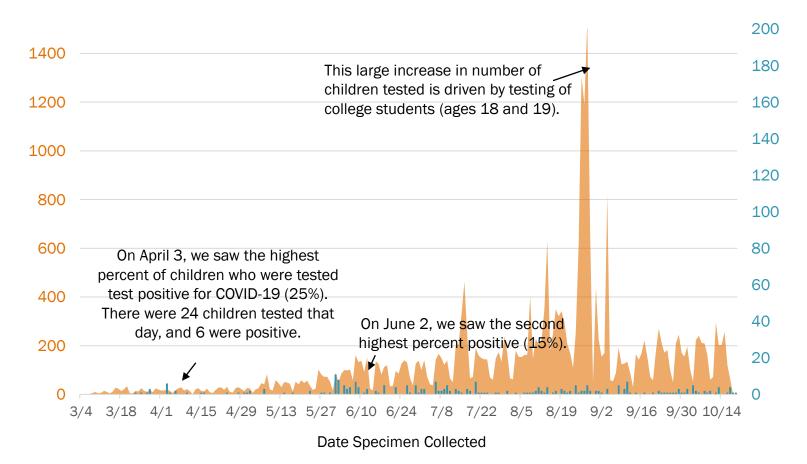
# The percent of COVID-19 cases with no symptoms is higher among children. Less than half (41%) of cases among children had no symptoms reported.



67% of children with COVID-19 had known contact with somebody else who had COVID-19.

40% of children with COVID-19 were part of an outbreak.

# The number of children tested for COVID-19 and the number of children who tested positive have increased over time.



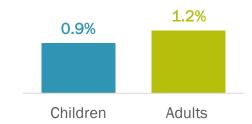
Please note these data were updated through 10/17.

Total tests represents the total number of children tested.

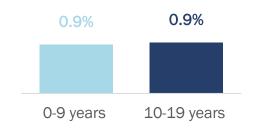
Please note that <1% individuals tested are missing age. They are excluded from these analyses.

29,007 children have been tested for COVID-19.

# Percent of tests positive among children is similar to adults.

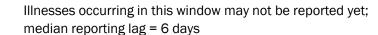


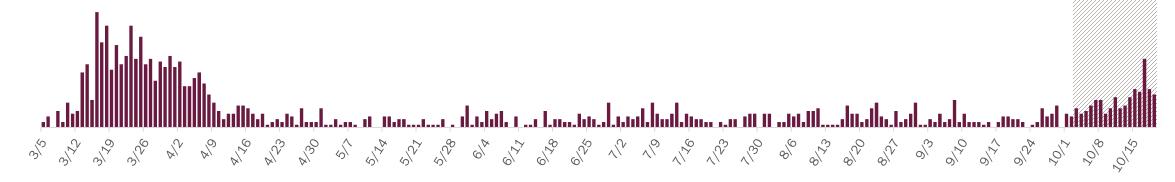
# Percent of tests positive among younger children is similar to older children.



## **Clinical Course**

What symptoms have Vermonters experienced? How many have been hospitalized? How many have died?





Note: Date of symptom onset is not always known.

12 days

Average illness duration

66%

Cases with symptoms

Sign or Symptom	Percent of Symptomatic Cases
Cough	65%
Fatigue	65%
Headache	54%
Muscle Pain	48%
Felt Feverish	46%
Loss of Smell/Taste	45%
Fever	43%

#### Most Vermonters with COVID-19 are not hospitalized.

Unknown = 93
Hospitalized = 151

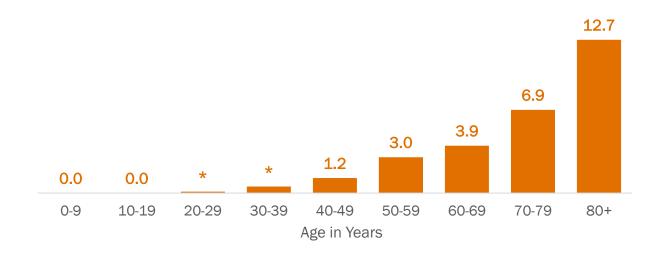
Not hospitalized = 1897

14%
Of those hospitalized were on a ventilator

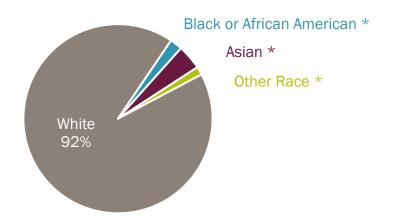
**34%**Of those hospitalized were in the ICU

**9 days**Average hospital stay
(range: 0-43 days)

## **Vermonters 80 years and older are more likely to be hospitalized for COVID-19.**Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



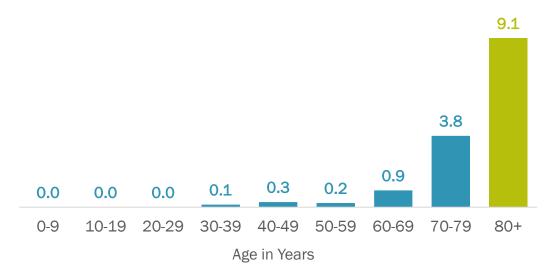
## White Vermonters represent a majority of hospitalized COVID-19 cases. Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



Please note 5 hospitalized persons are missing race information. \*Values suppressed due to small numbers.

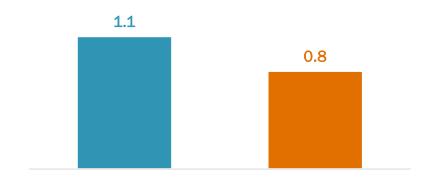
# Vermonters 80 years and older have higher rates of COVID-19 death than other age groups.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

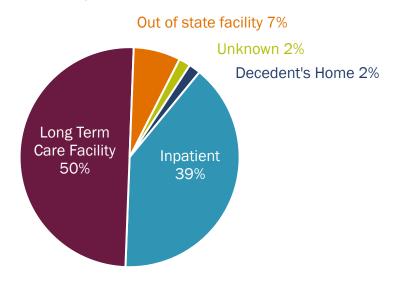


#### Males and females have similar rates of COVID-19 death.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters

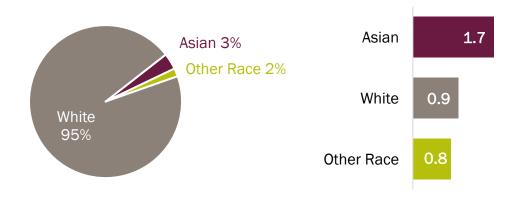


# Most COVID-19 deaths occurred in an inpatient hospital setting or a long-term care facility.



# White Vermonters represent a majority of COVID-19 deaths. Death rates by race are similar.

Rate per 10,000 Vermonters



## **Outbreaks**

How is COVID-19 impacting group settings?

# **Outbreaks**

## Outbreaks can occur in many types of places. Here is what outbreak means in these places:

### **Community Settings**

3 or more COVID-19 cases involving more than one family or household where the cases:

- have an illness start date or positive test collection date within 14 days, and
- · are linked through contact or location, and
- · are not linked to another outbreak, and
- there is no other more likely source of exposure.

**Resolved** when no new COVID-19 positive tests or people with COVID-like illness occur after 28 days from the last positive test or illness start date (whichever is later).

## **Congregate Care or Living Settings\***

One resident or staff member with COVID-19, and one or more residents or staff with respiratory illness who have had contact with each other.

or

Two or more facility residents and/or staff with an illness start or positive test collection date within 14 days.

\*Examples include long-term care and other residential care facilities, correctional facilities and homeless shelters.

**Resolved** when no new COVID-19 positive tests occur after 28 days from the last positive test or illness start date (whichever is later).

#### **Educational Settings**

2 or more COVID-19 cases among children/students or teachers/staff with known connections in the educational setting, and the cases:

- have an illness start date or a positive test collection date within 14 days, and
- Do not live together or have close contact with each other in another setting, and
- there is no other more likely source of exposure.

**Resolved** when no new COVID-19 positive tests or people with COVID-like illness occur after 28 days from the last known exposure to the school.



## Workplaces

2 or more COVID-19 cases among employees at the same workplace, and the cases:

- had contact with each other in the workplace, and
- an illness start or positive test collection date within 14 days, and
- do not live together or have close contact with each other in another setting, and
- there is no other more likely source of exposure.

**Resolved** when no new COVID-19 positive tests or people with COVID-like illness occur after 28 days from the last known exposure to the workplace.





28% of people testing positive for COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak



## **Outbreaks**

8 Active

30 Resolved\*

\*See previous page for definitions of resolved outbreaks.

## Congregate Care & Living



160

cases among residents



**84** cases among facility staff

## Schools and Child Care



13

cases among children and staff

## Workplace



81

cases among employees

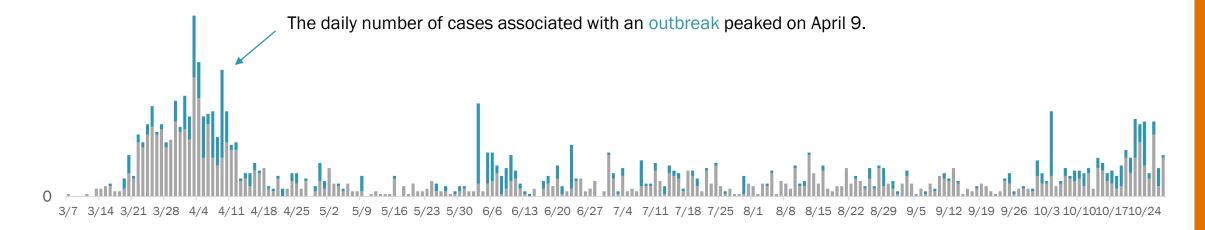
## Community



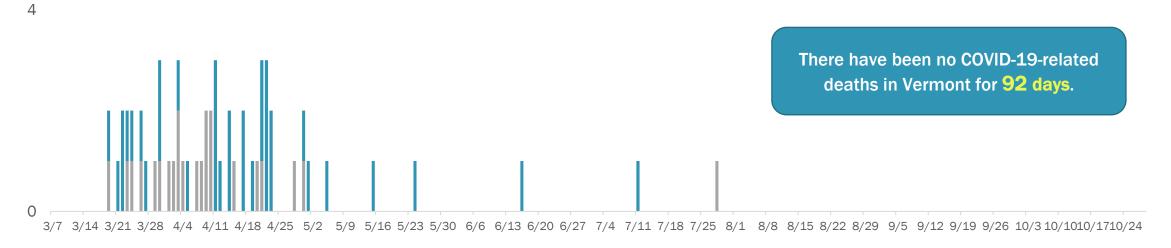
272

cases

Source: Vermont Department of Health Reflects confirmed data as of 10/28/2020.

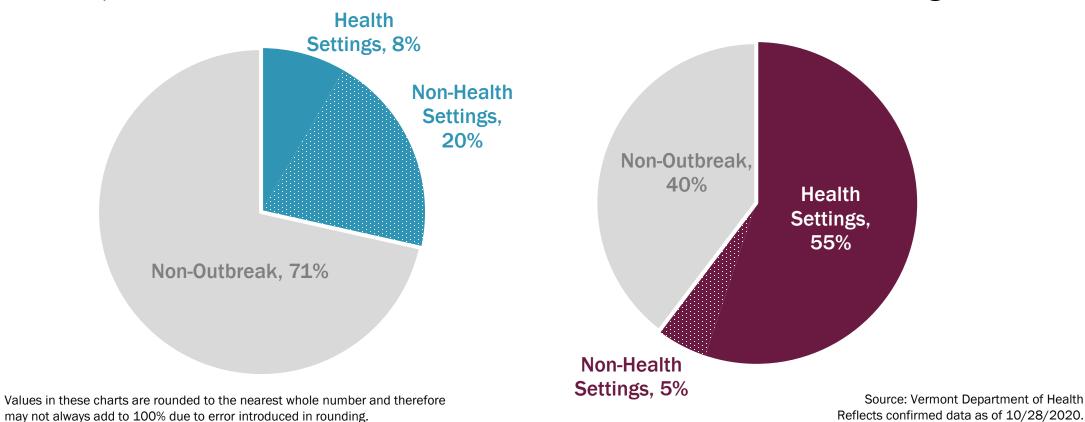


## **Vermont COVID-19 Deaths Associated with an Outbreak Over Time**



Source: Vermont Department of Health Reflects confirmed data as of 10/28/2020.

# While only 28% of all people testing positive for COVID-19 are associated with outbreaks, more than half of COVID-19-related deaths occur in outbreak settings.



Note: Examples of a health setting include long term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.

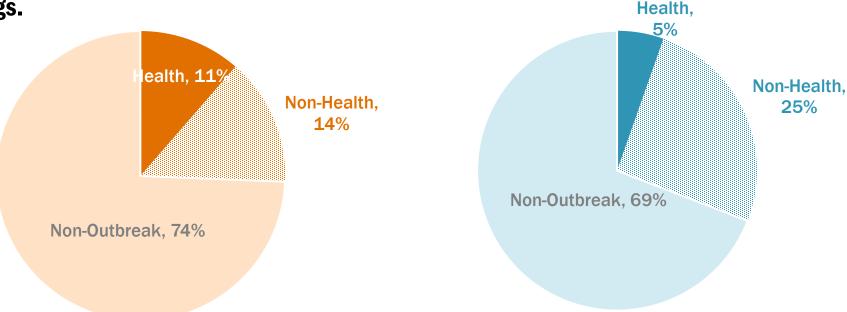
**26%** of females with COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak.



**31%** of males with COVID-19 are associated with an outbreak.

But in <u>outbreak settings</u>, <u>males</u> with COVID-19 are more likely to be associated with non-health settings than

health settings.



Values in these charts are rounded to the nearest whole number and therefore may not always add to 100% due to error introduced in rounding. Percentages by outbreak type are rounded to the whole number, but combined totals take into account the full percentages.

Source: Vermont Department of Health Reflects case counts as of 10/28/20

Note: Examples of a health setting include long-term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.

## Percent of People Testing Positive for COVID-19 by Outbreak Status and Age

7%

4%

<1%

Not associated with an outbreak Associated with an outbreak in a Associated with an outbreak in a health setting non-health setting 0-9 5% 3% 9% 10-19 14% 20% 20-29 3% 12% 13% 30-39 3% 12% 44 years old 12% 40-49 2% 10% 70 years old 18% 50-59 3% 9% 33 years old 14% 3% 6% 60-69

> Source: Vermont Department of Health Reflects case counts as of 10/28/20

Median age

Note: Examples of a health setting include long-term care or assisted living facilities, therapeutic treatment centers, and behavioral health institutions. Examples of a non-health setting include correctional facilities, senior housing communities, businesses, and homeless shelters. Vermont has not experienced an outbreak in all health and non-health settings.

70-79

80-89

90+

Age in

**Years** 

Vermont Department of Health 33

6%

5%

4%

2%

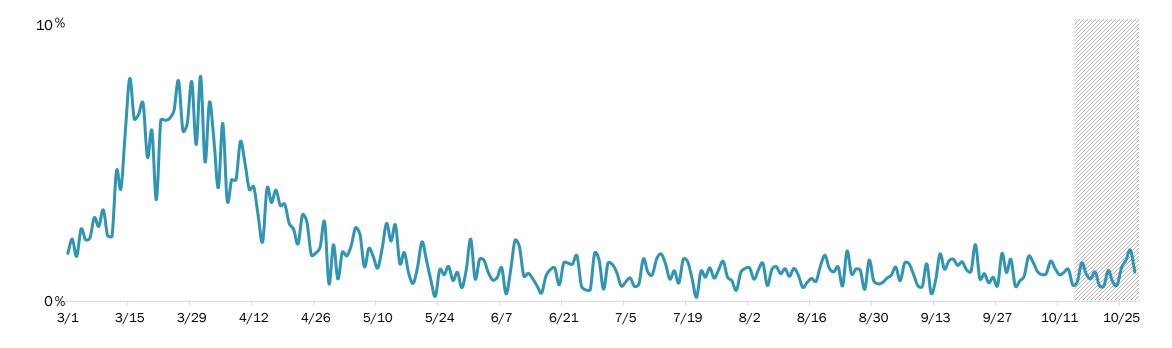
<1%

# **Syndromic Surveillance**

What we can learn from emergency room and urgent care centers?

### The percent of emergent care visits for COVID-19-like illness remains steady.

Syndromic surveillance from 13 of 14 Vermont hospitals and 2 urgent care centers. Monitoring this data acts as an early indicator of potential spikes of COVID-19 in the community.



Interpret with caution, there is a chance for over or underestimation given the lag in reporting.

COVID-19-like illness diagnosis is determined using the patient's chief complaint and/or discharge diagnosis.

COVID-19-like illness is the presence of a fever with the addition of shortness of breath, difficulty breathing, or cough.

COVID-19-like illness excludes patients with an influenza discharge diagnosis.

# **Weekly Spotlight: Number of Contacts per Case**

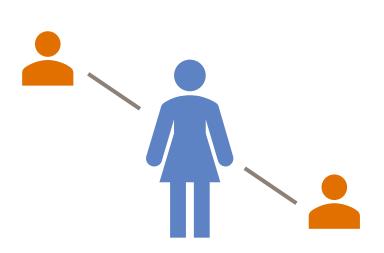
This section describes how the number of <u>close contacts</u> per COVID-19 case has changed over time.

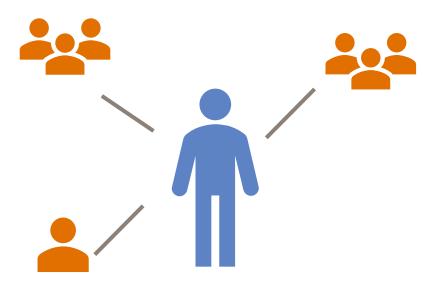


## Why is the number of close contacts per case important?

- Close contact means being within six feet for a total of 15 minutes or more over a 24-hour period.
- Early data suggests that we would expect to see three contacts per person with COVID-19.
- Limiting the number of close contacts we have lowers our risk of getting COVID-19 or spreading it to others.
- We can all protect one another by keeping our social circles small.
- We can also keep a journal of people we are in close contact with. This will help contact tracers do their work quickly to prevent further spread of COVID-19.

Each person with COVID-19 has a different number of close contacts during their infectious period. Some people only have one or two, while others may have nine or 10.





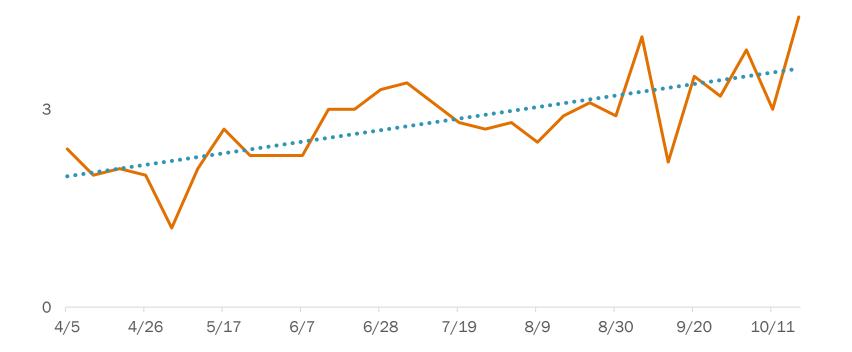
**Total Number of Close Contacts ÷ Total Number of Cases = Average Number of Contacts Per Case** 

# Weekly Spotlight

# There is an upward trend in the average number of contacts per case over time.

6





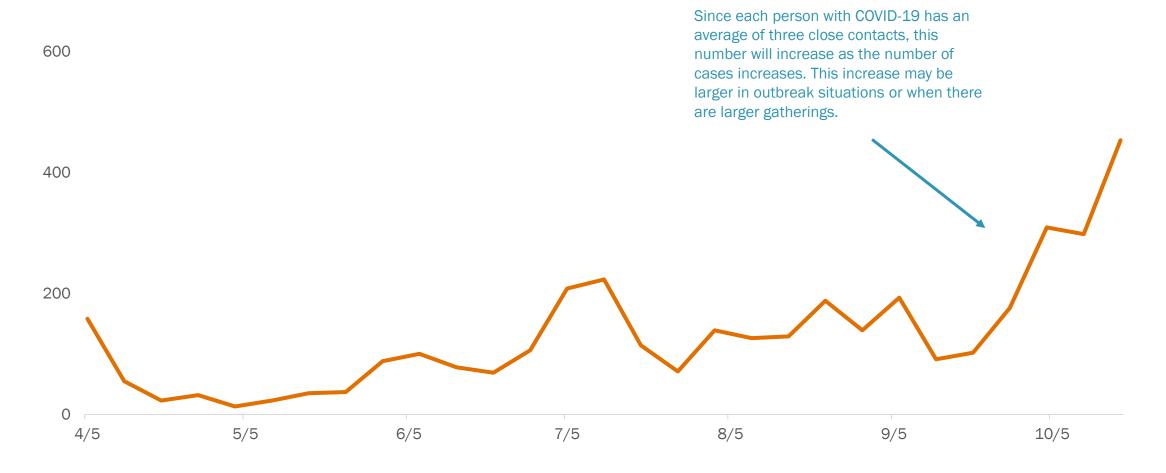
4.4 Highest Average (week of 10/18)

Average Last Week (10/18-10/24)

Vermont Department of Health

39

# We have also seen an increase in the total number of people named as contacts each week, particularly since early September.





## **Learn more about COVID-19 in Vermont:**

**Web:** www.healthvermont.gov/COVID-19

Email: AHS.VDHPublicCommunication@vermont.gov

**See more data:** Weekly Data Summaries