Carbohydrate Counting and Diabetes



Smart choices, Powerful tools,

What is carbohydrate counting?

Counting carbohydrate (carbs) in the food that you eat can help you manage your blood sugar. Foods that contain carbohydrate give you energy to work and play. Your body turns these carbs into glucose (sugar). Eating too many carbs may cause high blood sugar.

Learning what foods contain carb and learning how to count those carbs can help you:

- Manage your blood sugar
- o Be flexible in your choice of foods
- o Eat more foods that you enjoy

Which foods contain carbohydrate? What is a carb "choice" or "serving"?

Each food listed below has about 15 grams of carbohydrate; each is "one" carb choice

- Non starchy vegetables contain small amounts of carb, but generally do not increase blood sugar.
- The only food groups that do not contain carbs are meat and meat substitutes, fats and oils, and calorie-free foods.

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Grains	1 slice bread (1 ounce)	¼ large bagel (1 ounce)		
(rice, pasta, barley etc.), breads,	$^{1}/_{3}$ cup rice or pasta (cooked)	1 cup bean or broth-based soup		
cereals and dried beans	1 tortilla (6-inch size)	½ cup cooked cereal		
	¾ cup ready-to-eat cereal	6 saltines crackers		
	½ English muffin			
Starchy Vegetables	½ cup mashed or boiled potatoes, beans, lentils, corn, peas, sweet			
potato, corn and peas	potatoes, winter squash (cooked)			
	¼ large baked potato (3 ounces)			
Fruits & Juices	½ banana	1 small piece of fresh fruit		
	17 small grapes	1 cup berries or melon		
	½ cup canned fruit (in juice)	¼ cup dried fruit (2 TBSP)		
	½ cup 100% fruit juice			
Milk & Yogurt	1 cup low-fat or skim milk	1 cup soymilk		
	$^{2}/_{3}$ cup fat-free yogurt with no sugar added (6 ounces)			
Sweets & Snacks	½ cup ice cream or frozen yogurt	¼ cup sherbet		
Candy, sweets, desserts, soda and	2 small cookies $(^2/_3$ ounce)	¾ ounce pretzels or chips		
fruit drinks (not diet soda and diet	15 wheat thins	Small brownie (2-inch)		
drinks)	1 tablespoon honey, syrup, or jam	3 cups popcorn (popped)		

How many carbs can I have?
Men $ ightarrow$ 4-5 carb choices at each meal
Women \rightarrow 3-4 carb choices at each meal
At snacks \rightarrow 1-2 carb choices , only if hungry

Breakfast:	choices or _	grams
Lunch:	_ choices or	_grams
Dinner:	choices or	grams
Snack (optiona	l): choices	orgrams

Read the nutrition facts label

- 1. Locate the serving size.
- 2. Find the Total Carbohydrate in one serving.
- 3. Compare the serving size to your portion.
- 4. Remember 15 grams = 1 carb choice.
- 5. How many carbs do you need to eat? You may need to reduce your portion size!
- 6. Dietary fiber and sugar are part of the total carbohydrate.
- 7. Use % Daily Value as a guide. Your daily value may be lower or higher dependent on your calorie needs.

Note: Dietary Fiber may be subtracted from Total Carbohydrate, as it is not broken down and absorbed into the blood stream.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 1/2 cup dry (40 g) Servings Per container: 13

Amount Per Serving

Calories 150 Calories from Fat 25

% Daily Value*

Total Fat 3 g	4%
Saturated Fat 0.5 g	2%
Trans Fat 0 g	0%
Cholesterol 0 mg	0%
Sodium 0 mg	0%
Total Carbohydrate 27 g	9%
Dietary Fiber 4 g	15%
Sugars 1 g	
Protein 5 a	

Protein 5 g

Vitamin A	0%
Vitamin C	0%
Calcium	0%
Iron	10%

*Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

	Calories:	2,000	2,500
Total Fat	Less than	65 g	80 g
Sat Fat	Less than	20 g	25 g
Cholesterol	Less than	300 mg	300 mg
Sodium	Less than	2,400 mg	2,400 mg
Total Carbohydrate		300 g	375 g
Dietary Fiber		25 g	30 g

A healthy-eating action plan:

- Eat meals and snacks at about the same time each day.
- Start counting carbs and aim for _____ choices per meal.
- Choose whole grains such as: whole wheat bread, oatmeal, bran cereals, brown rice or quinoa. These carbs are healthier than white bread or foods made without whole grain ingredients.
 - o **TIP**: Look for the word "whole" in the ingredient list.
- Eat low fat or lean proteins such as: poultry, lean beef and pork, fish, beans and nuts.
- Eat less butter, stick margarine and baked pastries.
- Make most of your fat sources from vegetable oils and nuts.
- Make half your plate non-starchy vegetables.
- Drink 6-8 cups of water per day.

Revised: 4/30/2012